## Fifth Semester

## Core Course - PH5CRT05 - ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRODYNAMICS

B.Sc Physics Model I ,B.Sc Physics Model II Applied Electronics ,B.Sc Physics Model II Computer

Applications,B.Sc Physics Model III Electronic Equipment Maintenance
2017 Admission Onwards
E1FA5F2A
Time: 3 Hours
Maximum Marks :60

Part A<br>Answer any ten questions.<br>Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Explain the LCR rejecter circuit.
2. How will you Nortonize a given circuit?
3. Seebeck effect is reversible effect. Comment on this.
4. Explain divergence of a vector field.
5. Discuss about the divergence and curl of electric and magnetic fields.
6. What is capacitance of a capacitor?
7. What is the relation between electric field and potential?
8. Show that work done by magnetic field is zero.
9. Distinguish between scalar and vector potentials.
10. Derive the Faraday's law in differential form.
11. Distinguish between lenz's law and Fleming's right hand rule.
12. What is Continuity equation and what is its significance?


#### Abstract

Part B Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.


13. Calculate the average value and rms value of an alternating voltage for its half cycle
14. A 50 cycle AC is applied to an $L R$ circuit in series with $L=(1 / \pi) H$ and $R=2100 \Omega$. Calculate the reactance and impedence offered by the circuit and the angle of lag.
15. A $60 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{~W}$ lamp is to be run on $100 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycles main. Calculate the inductance of the choke coil required in the circuit. How much pure resistance is required would be required to achieve the same result?
16. When a capacitor is charged to a p.d of 400 V is connected to a voltmeter having a resistance of 25 mega ohm, the voltage is observed to have fallen to 50 V at the end of an interval of 2 minutes. Find the value of the capacitor
17. Verify stokes theorem for the vector $\bar{A}=(2 x-y) \hat{\imath}-y z^{2} \hat{\jmath}-y^{2} z \check{k}$ over the upper half surface of the sphere $\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}+\mathrm{z}^{2}=1$.
18. Obtain an expression for electrostatic force. Explain the principal of superposition of force in electrostatics?
19. Derive Poisson's and Laplace's equations.
20. Compare the terms electrostatics and magnetostatics.
21. Prove by using Maxwell's equation that the velocity of propagation of electromagnetic waves through empty space is $3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, same as velocity of light.

## Part C

Answer any two questions.

## Each question carries 10 marks.

22. Develop the phase relation between voltage and current in a circuit which contain inductor only, capacitor only and resistor only.
23. Discuss charging and discharging of a capacitor through a resistor and inductor.
24. State and explain Ampere's Circuital law. Derive using this law an expression for magnetic field
due to a long cylindrical wire and long solenoid.
25. Derive the expression for energy density of an electromagnetic wave in free space.
