$(10 \times 1 = 10)$

B.Sc.DEGREE(CBCS)EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018

First Semester

Complementary Course - PH1CMT01 - PHYSICS-PROPERTIES OF MATTER & ERROR ANALYSIS

(Common toB.Sc Mathematics Model I, B.Sc Statistics Model I)

2018 Admission only

2E1B10FE

Maximum Marks: 60

Part A Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries **1** mark.

- 1. What is shearing strain?
- 2. What do you mean by compressibility of materials?
- 3. Why bending of the beam in cantilever structure is called non uniform bending?
- 4. Small insects can walk on the surface of water. Why?
- 5. What is the effect of impurities on surface tension?
- 6. State Newton's law of viscous force in a streamline flow
- 7. Why does a larger raindrop fall faster than a smaller one?
- 8. Distinguish between the measurements 5.0 and 5.00.
- 9. What do you mean by spurios response rejection in a measurement?
- 10. What are the sources of istrumental error?
- 11. Find the number of significant figures in 0.0005
- 12. What do you mean by standard deviation?

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

One end of a rope of length 5 m and diameter 8 mm hanging from an iron bar, where the other end is fixed. A weight of 100 N is attached to the free end. Then what will be the elongation of the rope. Young's modulus of the material is 2x10¹¹ N/m²

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Time: 3 Hours

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- 14. Explain the static torsion method to find the rigidity modulus of a metal rod.
- 15. With the help of figures, distinguish between uniform and non-uniform bending.
- Calculate the loss of energy when 27 drops of water each of radius 0.6 mm coalesce to form a single drop. Surface tension of water is 72 X 10⁻³ N/m.
- 17. Describe Brownian motion in detail.
- 18. The mass of a small piece of wire is measured using a physical balance and the following readings are obtained. 0.083 g, 0.081 g, 0.084g, 0.085 g, 0.084g, and 0.087g. What is the mass of the wire with its percentage uncertainity?
- 19. In an experiment the values of two resistances are measured to be R_1 = (5.0±0.2) Ω and R_2 = (10.0±0.1) Ω . Find the value of total resistances in series and parallel with limits of percentage error.
- 20. Calculate the focal length of a spherical mirror from the following data. Object distance u= (50.1 ± 0.5) cm, image distance v= (20.1 ± 0.2) cm. (f=uv/u+v)
- 21. Calculate the percentage error in specific resistance $\rho = \pi r^2 R/L$ where r= (0.26±0.02) cm, L= (156.0±0.1) cm and R= (64±2) Ω

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **10** marks.

- 22. Explain the term rigidity modulus of the material. Derive an expression for the couple required to twist a cylindrical rod of circular cross section through an angle θ at one end, the other end being kept fixed, and hence deduce an expression for the rigidity modulus of the rod.
- 23. Derive Poiseuille's formula for the streamline flow of a liquid through a capillary tube. What are the corrections to be applied to Poiseuille's formula?
- 24. Derive Bernoulli's equation for streamline flow of a liquid. Modify the relation for the flow of a liquid through a horizontal pipe of varying cross section.
- 25. a)Explain how errors are estimated and reported. b)What do you mean by random errors and systematic errors? How can they be reduced?

(2×10=20)

