



QP CODE: 21101693 Reg No :

Name :

B.A DEGREE (CBCS) SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTARY REGULAR / PRIVATE EXAMINATION, JULY 2021

Fifth Semester

B.A Economics Model I

CORE COURSE - EC5CRT08 - MACRO ECONOMICS- II

For Regular Candidates 2018 Admission Only, For Private Candidates 2017 & 2018 Admissions Only 0545A4B2

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions to Private candidates only: This question paper contains two sections. Answer SECTION I questions in the answer-book provided. SECTION II, Internal examination questions must be answered in the question paper itself. Follow the detailed instructions given under SECTION II

SECTION I

Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Explain longrun consumption function.
- 2. Define ratchet effect in consumption.
- 3. State acceleration coefficient.
- 4. Define money.
- 5. Define unemployment.
- 6. Define Stagflation.
- 7. Define natural rate of unemployment.
- 8. What is trade Cycle?
- 9. What do you mean by stabilisation policies?
- 10. What is financial crises?



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- 11. Distinguish between human and non-human wealth.
- 12. Write a note on Supply Side economics.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

Each question carries **5** marks.

- 13. Explain Friedman's views on consumption.
- 14. Write a note on Tobin's theory of investment.
- 15. What is meant by liquidity trap?
- 16. What are the causes of inflation?
- 17. What is Philips curve?
- 18. Explain the role of public expenditure in bringing financial stability.
- 19. What are the objectives of fiscal policy?
- 20. State the major propositions of monetarist school.
- 21. What is Laffer Curve?

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 22. Briefly explain the life-cycle hypothesis.
- 23 Crucially analyze the Keynesian liquidity preference theory of interest.
- 24. Diagramatically explain inflationary and deflationary gap.
- 25. Discuss the contributions of new classical economics. Explain Supply side economics.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

