



QP CODE: 18103697



Reg No :

Name :

B.Sc.DEGREE(CBCS)EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2018

First Semester

Core Course - MM1CRT01 - FOUNDATION OF MATHEMATICS

(Common to B.Sc Computer Applications Model III Triple Main, B.Sc Mathematics Model I,
B.Sc Mathematics Model II Computer Science)

2018 Admission only

27CF6C97

Maximum Marks: 80

Time: 3 Hours

Part A

Answer any **ten** questions.

Each question carries **2** marks.

1. Give an example for Existential quantifier.
2. Define Disjunctive syllogism for propositional logic.
3. What do you mean by a proof of contradiction.
4. Let $A_i = \{i, i + 1, i + 2, \dots\}$. Find $\bigcap_{i=1}^n A_i$
5. Is every function invertible? Give an invertible function
6. Write any two properties of the floor function
7. Define a relation from a set A to the set B and give example.

8. List the ordered pairs in the relation on $\{1, 2, 3\}$ corresponding to the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

9. Define a Diagraph.
10. Discuss the nature of roots of the cubic $x^3 + 3Hx + G = 0$.
11. Prove that $x^5 + x^3 + x + 1 = 0$ has exactly one real root?
12. Check the validity of the following statement with proper reasoning.
"x=-1 is always a root of the even degree reciprocal equation of second kind"?

(10×2=20)

Part B

Answer any **six** questions.

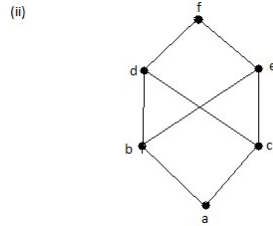
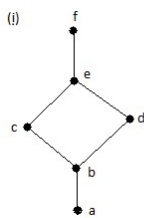
Each question carries **5** marks.

13. Show that $\neg[p \vee (\neg p \wedge q)]$ and $\neg p \wedge \neg q$ are logically equivalent by developing a series of logical equivalences.





14. Show that $\neg\forall x[P(x) \rightarrow Q(x)] \equiv \exists x[P(x) \wedge \neg Q(x)]$.
15. Show that the premises 'A student in the class has not read the book' and 'Everyone in this class passed the first exam' imply the conclusion 'Someone who passed the first exam has not read the book'.
16. What are the different set operations? Explain using Venn diagrams.
17. Define the identity function on a set A . Show that it is a bijection.
18. Let $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$. Show that the collection of sets $A_1 = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $A_2 = \{4, 5\}$ and $A_3 = \{6\}$ forms a partition of S. List the ordered pairs in the equivalence relation R produced by this partition.
19. Determine whether the posets with these Hasse Diagrams are lattices.



20. Solve the equation $x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x - 10 = 0$, given that its roots are in AP.
21. Find the equation whose roots are the roots of the equation $x^4 - 5x^3 + 7x^2 - 17x + 11 = 0$ each diminished by 2.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries **15** marks.

22. (a) Construct the truth table for the following compound propositions:
 (i) $(p \leftrightarrow q) \oplus (\neg p \leftrightarrow \neg r)$
 (ii) $(p \oplus q) \rightarrow (p \wedge q)$.
- (b) Use truth table to establish which of the following statements are tautologies, which are contradictions and which are contingencies.
 (i) $(p \rightarrow q) \leftrightarrow (\neg p \vee q)$
 (ii) $(p \wedge \neg q) \wedge (\neg p \vee q)$
 (iii) $[(p \rightarrow q) \wedge \neg p] \rightarrow \neg q$
23. a) State and prove distributive laws for three sets A, B, C
 b) Let R be the relation on the set of all people who have visited a particular Web page such that xRy if and only if person x and person y have followed the same set of links starting at this Web page (going from Web page to Web page until they stop using the Web. Show that R is an equivalence relation.
24.
 1. Describe the terms Equivalence relation and Equivalence class.
 2. Let m be a positive integer with $m > 1$. Show that the relation $R = \{ (a, b) : a \equiv b \pmod{m} \}$ is an equivalence relation.
25. a) Solve $x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$?
 b) Solve $3x^5 - 10x^4 - 3x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 3 = 0$?

(2×15=30)

